

**From:** [Mike Murray](#)  
**To:** [AJ North](#)  
**Cc:** [Doug Wetmore](#); [Paul Stevens](#)  
**Subject:** Re: CAHA Rule  
**Date:** 04/15/2011 12:22 PM  
**Attachments:** [CAHA Draft PR 04-14-11 mbm.doc](#)

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AJ,

There are a few minor edits needed or suggested (in Track Changes) in the attached. Note: Some of the punctuation (location of commas, etc.) seemed strange to me, so I edited it, but will defer to the Solicitors if they think the previous version is correct.

**Key question: Does the fact that CUA holders will not need an ORV permit need to be specified in the regulation itself (it apparently has been taken out of the regulation itself and is only mentioned in the Q&A)?**



CAHA Draft PR 04-14-11 mbm.doc

Please call if there are any questions about the comments.

Thanks,

Mike Murray  
Superintendent  
Cape Hatteras NS/ Wright Brothers NMem/ Ft. Raleigh NHS  
(w) 252-473-2111, ext. 148  
(c) 252-216-5520  
fax 252-473-2595

**CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE**

This message is intended exclusively for the individual or entity to which it is addressed. This communication may contain information that is proprietary, privileged or confidential or otherwise legally exempt from disclosure.

▼ [AJ North/WASO/NPS](#)

**AJ North/WASO/NPS**

04/15/2011 12:26 PM

To Mike Murray/CAHA/NPS@NPS, Paul Stevens/CAHA/NPS@NPS, Doug Wetmore/DENVER/NPS@NPS

cc

Subject CAHA Rule

Your rule went into surname yesterday, it's currently at the Solicitor's office for a second round of review, once we receive it back from them, it will go into the Directorate. Once the Director surnames, we'll

get it back and forward a copy to the Exec Sec for transmittal to OMB. (The DOI Exec Sec will have to seek approval from the Secretary's Office before they send it out.) Simultaneously we'll forward the rule to the Assistant Secretary Fish and Wildlife and Parks for signature. After signature, OMB and Office of the Secretary approvals it will go to the Fed Reg for publication.

Unfortunately I can't project a timeline at this juncture, but I'll keep you informed along the way.

Attached is the current file; if you see something that isn't right or you can't live with, please let me know, we can still do some editing.

Questions or issues, please call.

A.J. North  
NPS Regulations - WASO  
202-208-5268 (o)  
202-365-2008 (c) [attachment "CAHA Draft PR 04-14-11.doc" deleted  
by Mike Murray/CAHA/NPS]

**Billing Code: 4310-X6**

**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

**National Park Service**

**36 CFR Part 7**

**RIN 1024-AD85**

**Special Regulations, Areas of the National Park System, Cape Hatteras National Seashore**

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Department of the Interior.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** The National Park Service (NPS) proposes to designate routes where off-road vehicles (ORVs) may be used within Cape Hatteras National Seashore (Seashore), North Carolina. Under NPS general regulations, the operation of motor vehicles off of roads within areas of the national park system is prohibited unless otherwise provided for by special regulation. The proposed rule would manage ORV use at the Seashore to protect and preserve natural and cultural resources and natural processes, and provide a variety of safe visitor experiences while minimizing conflicts among various users.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments, identified by the Regulation Identifier Number:

**(RIN) 1024-AD85**, by any of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- Mail or hand delivery to: Superintendent, Cape Hatteras National Seashore, 1401 National Park Drive, Manteo, North Carolina 27954.

- For additional information see “**Public Participation**” under SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION below.

Comments will not be accepted by fax, email, or in any way other than those specified above.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mike Murray, Superintendent, Cape Hatteras National Seashore, 1401 National Park Drive, Manteo, North Carolina 27954. Phone: (252) 473-2111 (ext 148).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

**Description of Cape Hatteras National Seashore**

Officially established in 1937 along the Outer Banks of North Carolina, Cape Hatteras is the nation’s first national seashore. Consisting of more than 30,000 acres distributed along approximately 67 miles of shoreline, the Seashore is part of a dynamic barrier island system.

The Seashore serves as a popular recreation destination where visitors participate in a variety of recreational activities. The Seashore also contains important habitat for wildlife created by the Seashore’s dynamic environmental processes; several species, including some listed under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) such as the piping plover, seabeach amaranth, and three species of sea turtles, are found within the park.

**Authority and Jurisdiction**

In enacting the National Park Service Organic Act of 1916 (Organic Act) (16 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), Congress granted the NPS broad authority to regulate the use of areas under its jurisdiction. Section 3 of the Organic Act specifically authorizes the Secretary of the Interior,

acting through the NPS, to “make and publish such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary or proper for the use and management of the parks . . . .”

### **Off-Road Motor Vehicle Regulation**

Executive Order 11644, Use of Off-Road Vehicles on the Public Lands, was issued in 1972 in response to the widespread and rapidly increasing off-road driving on public lands “often for legitimate purposes but also in frequent conflict with wise land and resource management practices, environmental values, and other types of recreational activity.” Executive Order 11644 was amended by Executive Order 11989 in 1977, and together they are collectively referred to in this rule as (E.O.). It requires federal agencies that allow motorized vehicle use in off-road areas to designate specific areas and routes on public lands where the use of motorized vehicles may be permitted.

Specifically, section 3 of the E.O. requires agencies to designate specific areas and trails on which the use of ORVs may be permitted, provided the designation of such areas and trails will be based on protecting resources of public lands, promoting the safety of all users of those lands, and minimizing conflicts among the various uses on those lands. The NPS regulation at 36 CFR 4.10 (b), implements the E.O. and requires that routes and areas designated for ORV use shall be promulgated as special regulations and that the designation of routes and areas shall comply with 36 CFR 1.5 and the E.O. It also states that such routes and areas may be designated only in national recreation areas, national seashores, national lakeshores, and national preserves. The proposed rule is consistent with these authorities and with NPS Management Policies 2006.

### **ORV Use at Cape Hatteras National Seashore**

Historically, beach driving at the Seashore was for the purpose of transportation, and not recreation. Because the area was sparsely populated, the number of ORVs on the beach was much smaller than it is today. The paving of NC-12, the completion of the Bonner Bridge connecting Bodie and Hatteras islands in 1963, and the introduction of the State of North Carolina ferry system to Ocracoke Island facilitated visitor access to the sound and ocean beaches. Improved access, increased population, and the popularity of the sport utility vehicle have resulted in a dramatic increase in vehicle use on Seashore beaches.

Since the 1970s, ORV use at the Seashore has been managed through various draft or proposed plans, none of which were completed or published as a special regulation as required by 36 CFR 4.10 (b). Motivated in part by a decline in most beach nesting bird populations on the Seashore since the 1990s, in July 2007 the NPS completed the Cape Hatteras National Seashore Interim Protected Species Management Strategy/Environmental Assessment (Interim Strategy) to provide resource protection guidance with respect to ORV, and other human disturbance until the long-term ORV management plan and regulation could be completed. In October 2007, a lawsuit was filed by the Defenders of Wildlife, and The National Audubon Society v. the NPS, and the US Fish and Wildlife Service et al. challenging the Interim Strategy. The lawsuit alleged the federal defendants failed to implement an adequate plan to govern off-road vehicle use at Cape Hatteras National Seashore that would protect the Seashore's natural resources while minimizing conflicts with other users, and further the federal defendants failed to comply with the requirements of the ORV E.O. and NPS regulations regarding ORV use. The lawsuit was resolved in April 2008 by a consent decree agreed to by the plaintiffs, the NPS, and by Dare and Hyde counties and a coalition of local ORV and fishing groups which participated

in the lawsuit as intervenors. ORV use is currently managed pursuant to the consent decree, which also established deadlines of December 31, 2010, and April 1, 2011, respectively for completion of an ORV management plan/EIS and a final special regulation. The Cape Hatteras ORV Plan/Final Environmental Impact Statement (plan/FEIS) was completed, and the Record of Decision (ROD) selecting the NPS preferred alternative was signed by the NPS Southeast Regional Director on December 20, 2010. The public was informed of its availability through notice in the *Federal Register* on December 28, 2010. The plan/FEIS, the ROD, and other supporting documentation can be found online at <http://www.parkplanning.nps.gov/caha>. The NPS has notified the parties to the litigation and the US District Court for Eastern District of North Carolina (Court) that the final rule will not be completed until ~~late summer 2011 with implementation planned for~~ fall 2011. On April 12th, 2011, the Court issued the order approving a modified consent decree, extending the deadline for promulgation of the final rule until November 15, 2011.

#### **The Proposed Rule**

The proposed rule would correct a drafting error at § 7.58 (b)(1) to clarify that the definitions only apply to § 7.58 and not to the entirety of 36 CFR Part 7. Further the rule would delete the definition of permittee at § 7.58 (b)(1)(ii) as it's unnecessary and potentially confusing to the public, as the term could be applied to individuals holding different types of permits for different activities. The deletion consequently requires redesignation of the paragraph (b) structure. The addition of paragraph (c) would implement portions of the selected action alternative as described in the ROD for the plan/FEIS by designating ORV routes at the Seashore, establishing requirements to obtain a permit, date and time and other restrictions related to operation of ORV's, including vehicle and equipment standards.

The following explains some of the principal requirements of the proposed rule in a question and answer format:

*Do I need a permit to operate a vehicle off road?*

Yes. To obtain an ORV permit, you must complete a short education program, acknowledge in writing that you understand and agree to abide by the rules governing ORV use at the Seashore, and pay the applicable permit fee. Both weekly (7-day, valid from the date of issuance) and annual (calendar year) ORV permits would be available.

*Is there a limit to the number of ORV permits available?*

No. There would be no limit to the number of permits that the Superintendent could issue. However, use restrictions may limit the number of vehicles on a particular route at one time.

*Several of my family members have ORVs that we would like to use on Seashore beaches. Do we need to get a permit for each vehicle?*

Yes. You would need to get a permit for each vehicle that you want to use for driving on designated ORV routes. A permit would need to be affixed to all vehicles operated on designated ORV routes within the Seashore.

*Where can I operate my vehicle off road?*

Once you obtain an ORV permit, you may operate a vehicle off road only on designated routes described in the tables located in § 7.58 (c)(9). The tables also provide dates for seasonal restrictions on driving these designated routes. Maps of designated ORV routes would be available in the Office of the Superintendent and on the Seashore website.



*Does the ORV permit guarantee that all designated ORV routes will be open for me to use?*

No. In addition to the referenced seasonal restrictions, ORV routes are also subject to temporary resource and safety closures. However, past experience indicates that substantial sections of the beach that are designated as ORV routes would remain open for ORV use when other sections are temporarily closed.

*Are there any requirements for my vehicle?*

Yes. To receive a permit to operate a vehicle on designated ORV routes, your vehicle must be registered, licensed, and insured for highway use and comply with inspection regulations within the state, country, or province where the vehicle is registered. It must have no more than two axles and its tires must be U.S. Department of Transportation listed or approved. You would also be required to carry in your vehicle a low-pressure tire gauge, shovel, jack, and jack stand.

*Can I drive my two-wheel-drive vehicle on designated ORV routes?*

Yes. Four-wheel-drive vehicles are recommended, but two-wheel-drive vehicles capable of over-sand travel would be allowed.

*Can I tow a boat or utility trailer with my vehicle on designated ORV routes?*

Yes. Towed boat and utility trailers with one or two axles would be allowed. Boat and utility trailers with more than two axles would be prohibited.

*Can I tow a travel trailer (camping trailer) on designated ORV routes?*

No. Travel trailers (i.e. camping trailers) would be prohibited on designated ORV routes.

*Can I ride my motorcycle, all-terrain vehicle (ATV), or utility vehicle (UTV) off of Seashore roads?*

No. The operation of motorcycles, as well as other vehicles not registered and equipped for use on a highway, such as ATVs, and UTVs, would be prohibited on designated ORV routes. Motorcycles are generally not capable of travelling through the deep, soft sand or carrying the requisite equipment for self extrication should they become stuck. Vehicles not registered and equipped for highway use including ATV's and UTV's can't lawfully be operated to ORV access points, and adequate parking for trailers or other transport vehicles is not readily available adjacent to ORV access points. Further, these vehicles haven't historically been allowed to operate within the Seashore, and authorizing such use would limit the capacity for and interfere with the more significant and traditional use of ORV's (4x4 Pick-up Trucks and Sport Utility Vehicles) for access associated with fishing, picnicking, sun bathing, surfing, wading and swimming.

*What is the speed limit on designated ORV routes?*

The speed limit would be 15 miles per hour (unless otherwise posted), except for emergency vehicles when responding to a call.

*Are there right-of-way rules for ORV drivers in addition to those already in effect at the Seashore?*

Yes. Vehicles must yield to pedestrians and must move to the landward side of the ORV corridor when approaching or passing a pedestrian on the beach. When traveling within 100 feet of pedestrians, ORVs must slow to 5 mph.

*Can I drive on designated ORV routes at night?*

Yes, but not at all times on all routes. ORVs would be allowed on designated ORV routes 24 hours a day from November 16 to April 30. However, from May 1 to November 15, designated ORV routes in potential sea turtle nesting habitat (ocean intertidal zone, ocean backshore, and dunes) would be closed to ORVs from 9:00 p.m. until 7:00 a.m. However, on September 15 to November 15, the Superintendent may reopen designated ORV routes at night if there are no turtle nests remaining. This is a minor change to the dates in the ROD. The NPS decided it would be easier for the public to understand and more convenient to administer, if the night driving dates coincided with some of the seasonal ORV route dates. Therefore, as described, night driving may be allowed beginning on September 15 instead of September 16. Routes that are subject to these night driving restrictions, as well as routes identified as having no turtle nests remaining, will be depicted on maps available in the Office of the Superintendent and on the Seashore website.

*Can I leave my ORV parked on the beach if I don't drive it between 9:00 pm and 7:00 am during the dates night driving restrictions are in effect?*

No. During the restricted hours, all vehicles would be prohibited on designated ORV routes, including the beach.

*Is a separate permit required for night driving?*

No. It would be covered by the ORV permit required to drive on the designated ORV routes in the Seashore.

*I have a family member who is disabled or mobility-impaired. Can I use my ORV to drive that family member to the beach where we are gathering, even if it is not designated as an ORV route?*

Yes, such use would be accommodated on a case by case basis in front of villages only, and would be subject to the conditions of a special use permit issued by the Superintendent. The permit would allow you to transport mobility-impaired individuals to a predetermined location in an otherwise vehicle-free area (VFA) in front of the villages. After transporting the person to the beach, you would have to immediately return the vehicle to the nearest ORV route or Seashore road. Additionally, you should keep in mind that there would be many miles of beach open to ORVs year-round or seasonally that will be accessible by ORV for family gatherings and other activities. In those areas, vehicles may simply be parked in the ORV corridor.

*Do Commercial Use Authorization holders and commercial fisherman need a separate ORV permit?*

No. Commercial Use Authorizations would as appropriate also authorize ORV use by the holder. ORV use by commercial fisherman who are actively engaged in a commercial fishing activity would be covered under the terms of their commercial fishing special use permit.

**Comment [mbm1]:** This is no longer covered in the reg itself. Is that a problem? Don't we need to say that the CUA holder is not required to obtain an ORV permit in the reg? In this Q&A section, we need to be clear that the CUA authorizes only the holder to use an ORV but not the CUA holder's clients, who would be required to obtain an ORV permit like any other member of the public. For example, if a CUA holder is teaching a surf fishing class on the beach, the customers would need an ORV permit to drive on the beach.

*Can commercial fishermen drive in the vehicle-free areas (VFA)?*

Yes. Generally keeping with the current practice, commercial fishermen when actively engaged in their authorized commercial fishing activity ~~and who carry and are able to present a fish house receipt from the previous 30 days,~~ would be allowed to enter VFAs, except for resource closures -and lifeguarded beaches. Lifeguarded beaches would be closed seasonally by

**Comment [mbm2]:** The fish house receipts provision is intended to apply only to the "early access" provision during the period that night driving is restricted, not to any/all commercial fishing activity.

the Superintendent. Commercial fishing activities and use of associated fishing gear conflicts with the significant, concentrated beach and associated swimming use of these areas by visitors.

Commercial fishermen while actively engaged in authorized commercial fishing activity and who are able to present a fish house receipt from the previous 30 days would be allowed to enter the beach at 5 a.m. on days when night driving restrictions are in effect for the general public.

### **Compliance with Other Laws and Executive Orders**

#### **Use of Off-Road Vehicles on the Public Lands (Executive Order 11644)**

Section 3(4) of E.O. provides that ORV “areas and trails shall be located in areas of the National Park system, Natural Areas, or National Wildlife Refuges and Game Ranges only if the respective agency head determines that off-road vehicle use in such locations will not adversely affect their natural, aesthetic, or scenic values.” Since the E.O. clearly was not intended to prohibit all ORV use everywhere in these units, the term "adversely affect" does not have the same meaning as the somewhat similar terms "adverse impact" or "adverse effect" commonly under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) . Under NEPA, a procedural statute that provides for the study of environmental impacts, the term "adverse effect" refers to any effect, no matter how minor or negligible. Section 3(4) of the E.O. by contrast, does not prescribe procedures or any particular means of analysis. It concerns substantive management decisions, and must instead be read in the context of the authorities applicable to such decisions. The Seashore is an area of the National Park System. Therefore, the NPS interprets the E.O. term “adversely affect” consistent with its NPS Management Policies 2006. Those policies provide that NPS only allows "appropriate use" of parks, and avoids "unacceptable impacts."

Specifically, this rule will not impede the attainment of the Seashore's desired future conditions for natural and cultural resources as identified in the plan/FEIS. We have determined it will not unreasonably interfere with the atmosphere of peace and tranquility, or the natural soundscape maintained in natural locations within the Seashore. Therefore, we have determined that within the context of E.O., the resources and values of the Seashore, ORV use on the ORV routes designated by this rule (which are also subject to resource closures and other species management measures that will be implemented under the selected action in the ROD) will not adversely affect the natural, aesthetic, or scenic values of the Seashore.

**Regulatory Planning and Review (Executive Order 12866)**

This document is a significant rule and the Office of Management has reviewed this rule under Executive Order 12866. The assessments required by Executive Order 12866 and the details of potential beneficial and adverse economic effects of the proposed rule can be found in the report entitled "Benefit-Cost Analysis of Proposed ORV Use Regulations in Cape Hatteras National Seashore" which is available online at <http://www.parkplanning.nps.gov/caha>.

(1) This rule will not have an effect of \$100 million or ~~f~~ more on the economy. It will not adversely affect in a material way the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, State, local, or tribal governments or communities.

(2) This rule will not create a serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another agency.

(3) This rule does not alter the budgetary effects of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights or obligations of their recipients.

(4) OMB has determined this rule raises novel legal or policy issues. ORV use at the Seashore has been the subject of litigation in the past; a settlement agreement between the parties was reached in May 2008 and ORV use at the Seashore is currently managed under a court order/consent decree until the final rule is promulgated.

**Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA)**

The Department of the Interior certifies that this document will not have a significant economic effect on a substantial number of small entities under the RFA (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). This certification is based on information contained in the report entitled “Benefit-Cost Analysis of Proposed ORV Use Regulations in Cape Hatteras National Seashore”, available for review online at <http://www.parkplanning.nps.gov/caha>. According to that report, no entities, small or large, are directly regulated by the proposed rule, which only regulates visitors’ use of ORVs.

**Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act (SBREFA)**

This rule is not a major rule under the SBREFA, 5 U.S.C. 804(2). This rule:

- a. Does not have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more.
- b. Will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions.
- c. Does not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of U.S.-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises.

This determination is based on information contained in the report titled “Benefit-Cost Analysis of Proposed ORV Use Regulations in Cape Hatteras National Seashore”, available for review online at <http://www.parkplanning.nps.gov/caha>. This action will result in increased costs to those visitors desiring to operate ORVs on the beach, due to the requirement for an ORV

special use permit. However, the price of the permit would be based on a cost recovery system and would not result in a major increase in costs to visitors. Businesses operating in the Seashore under a commercial use authorization or commercial fishermen operating under a commercial fishing special use permit would not need an ORV permit.

**Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA)**

This rule does not impose an unfunded mandate on State, local, or tribal governments or the private sector of more than \$100 million per year. The rule does not have a significant or unique effect on State, local, or tribal governments or the private sector. The designated ORV routes are located entirely within the Seashore, and will not result in direct expenditure by State, local, or tribal governments.

This rule addresses public use of NPS lands, and imposes no requirements on other agencies or governments. Therefore, a statement containing the information required by the UMRA (2 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) is not required.

**Takings (Executive Order 12630)**

Under the criteria in E.O. 12630, this rule does not have significant takings implications. No taking of personal property will occur as a result of this rule. Access to private property located within or adjacent to the Seashore will not be affected by this rule. This rule does not regulate uses of private property. A takings implication assessment is not required.

**Federalism (Executive Order 13132)**

Under the criteria in E.O. 13132, this rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism summary impact statement. This rule only affects use of NPS-administered lands and imposes no requirements on other agencies or governments. A Federalism summary impact statement is not required.



**Civil Justice Reform (Executive Order 12988)**

This rule complies with the requirements of E.O. 12988. Specifically, this rule:

(a) Meets the criteria of section 3(a) requiring that all regulations be reviewed to eliminate errors and ambiguity and be written to minimize litigation; and

(b) Meets the criteria of section 3(b)(2) requiring that all regulations be written in clear language and contain clear legal standards.

**Consultation with Indian tribes (Executive Order 13175)**

Under the criteria in E.O. 13175 we have evaluated this rule and determined that it would have no potential effect on federally recognized Indian tribes.

On August 27, 2010, the NPS sent a letter to the Tuscarora Nation requesting information on any historic properties of religious or cultural significance to the tribe that would be affected by the plan/FEIS. The Tuscarora Nation has not informed the Seashore of any such properties.

**Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA)**

This rule does not contain any new collection of information that requires approval by OMB under the PRA of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements associated with NPS special use permits and has assigned OMB control number 1024-0026 (expires 06/30/2013). An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)**

This rule implements portions of the plan/FEIS, ROD a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment. In accordance with NEPA, the NPS prepared a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) and a Final Environmental Impact Statement for

the Off-Road Vehicle Management Plan (plan/FEIS). The plan/FEIS was released on November 15, 2010. The NPS Notice of Availability and the EPA Notice of Availability for the plan/FEIS were published in the Federal Register on November 15 and November 19, 2010, respectively. The plan/FEIS evaluated six alternatives for managing off-road motorized vehicle access and use at the Seashore, including two no-action alternatives. The ROD, selecting Alternative F was signed on December 20, 2010, and a notice of the decision was published in the Federal Register on December 28, 2010. This rule is proposed for the purpose of implementing the selected action as described in the ROD. A full description of the alternatives that were considered, the environmental impacts associated with the project, and public involvement is contained in the FEIS available for review online at: <http://www.parkplanning.nps.gov/caha>.

#### **Information Quality Act (IQA)**

Information presented in the plan/FEIS is based on a wide range of scientific and peer reviewed data which was used to determine potential impacts and to develop a range of alternatives. Studies, surveys, or reports used or referenced are listed in the Reference section of the plan/FEIS, available for review at <http://www.parkplanning.nps.gov/caha>. The NPS believes that the information used in preparing the plan/FEIS and the subsequent decision to issue this proposed rule is of sufficient quality, objectivity, utility, and integrity to comply with the IQA (Pub. L. 106-554).

#### **Effects on the Energy Supply (Executive Order 13211)**

This rule is not a significant energy action under the definition in E.O. 13211. A Statement of Energy Effects is not required.

#### **Clarity of this Rule.**

We are required by Executive Orders 12866 and 12988 and by the Presidential Memorandum of June 1, 1998, to write all rules in plain language. This means that each rule we publish must:

- (a) Be logically organized;
- (b) Use the active voice to address readers directly;
- (c) Use clear language rather than jargon;
- (d) Be divided into short sections and sentences; and
- (e) Use lists and tables wherever possible.

If you feel that we have not met these requirements, send us comments by one of the methods listed in the "ADDRESSES" section. To better help us revise the rule, your comments should be as specific as possible. For example, you should tell us the numbers of the sections or paragraphs that are unclearly written, which sections or sentences are too long, the sections where you feel lists or tables would be useful, etc.

#### **Public Participation**

*Instructions:* All submissions received must include the agency name and Regulation Identifier Number (RIN) for this rulemaking: **1024-AD85**. All comments received through the Federal eRulemaking portal at <http://www.regulations.gov> will be available without change. Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment including your personal identifying information may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

To view comments received through the Federal eRulemaking portal, go to <http://www.regulations.gov> and enter “1024-AD85” in the “Keyword or ID” search box.

**List of Subjects in 36 CFR Part 7**

District of Columbia, National Parks, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements. In consideration of the foregoing, the National Park Service proposes to amend 36 CFR Part 7 as follows:

**PART 7—SPECIAL REGULATIONS, AREAS OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM**

1. The authority for part 7 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 16 U.S.C. 1, 3, 9a, 462(k); Sec. 7.96 also issued under 36 U.S.C. 501 -511, D.C. Code 10-137 (2001) and D.C. Code 50-2201 (2001)

2. In § 7.58,

A. Revise the introductory language in paragraph (b)(1).

B. Remove paragraph (b)(1)(ii),

C. Redesignate paragraphs (b)(1)(iii), through (b)(1)(v) as (b)(1)(ii) through (b)(1)(iv).

D. Add paragraph (c)

The revisions to read as follows:

**§ 7.58 Cape Hatteras National Seashore.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(1) *Definitions.* As used in this section:

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) *Off-Road motor vehicle use.*

(1) *Definitions.* In addition to the definitions found in § 1.4 of this chapter, the following terms apply in paragraph (c):

*ORV* means a motor vehicle used off of park roads (off-road).

*ORV corridor* means the actual physical limits of the designated ORV route in the Seashore. The ORV corridor generally runs from the toe of the dune or the vegetation line on the landward side to the water line on the seaward side. Where the ocean beach is at least 30 meters wide above the high tide line, the landward side of the corridor will be 10 meters seaward of the toe of the dune. The ORV corridor will usually be marked by posts on the landward side (the seaward side of the corridor is not posted).

(2) *ORV permits.* The Superintendent administers the NPS special park use permit system at the Seashore, including permits for ORV use, and charges fees to recover NPS administrative costs.

(i) A permit issued by the Superintendent is required to operate a vehicle on designated ORV routes at the Seashore.

(ii) Operation of a motor vehicle authorized under an ORV permit is limited to those routes designated in this paragraph.

(iii) There is no limit to the number of ORV permits that the Superintendent may issue.

(iv) Annual ORV permits are valid for the calendar year for which they are issued.

Seven-day ORV permits are valid from the date of issue.

(v) A permit applicant must comply with vehicle and equipment requirements, complete a short education program in person, acknowledge in writing an understanding of the rules governing ORV use at the Seashore, and pay the permit fee.

(vi) Each permit holder must affix the permit in a manner and location specified by the Superintendent to the vehicle authorized for off-road use.

(3) *Vehicle and equipment requirements.* The following requirements apply for driving off- road:

(i) The vehicle must be registered, licensed, and insured for highway use and must comply with inspection regulations within the state, country, or province where the vehicle is registered.

(ii) The vehicle must have no more than two axles.

(iii) A towed boat or utility trailer must have no more than two axles.

(iv) Vehicle tires must be listed or approved by the U.S. Dept. of Transportation

(v) The vehicle must carry a low-pressure tire gauge, shovel, jack, and jack stand.

(4) *Vehicle inspection.* Authorized persons may inspect the vehicle to determine compliance with the requirements of paragraphs (c)(3)(i) through (c)(3)(v).

(5) The operation, of a motorcycle, all-terrain vehicle (ATV), -or utility vehicle (UTV), off- road is prohibited.

(6) The towing of a travel trailer (i.e. camping trailer) off- road is prohibited.

(7) *Special use permits for off-road driving, temporary use.* The Superintendent may issue a special use permit for temporary off-road vehicle use to:

(i) Authorize the North Carolina Department of Transportation to use Seashore beaches as a public way, when necessary, to bypass sections of NC Highway 12 that are impassable or closed for repairs; or

(ii) Allow participants in regularly scheduled fishing tournaments to drive in an area if such tournament use was allowed in that area for that tournament before January 1, 2009; or

(iii) Allow vehicular transport of -mobility impaired individuals via the shortest, most direct distance from the nearest designated ORV route or Seashore road to a predetermined location in a designated vehicle-free area in front of a village; the vehicle must return to the designated ORV route or Seashore road immediately after the transport.

(8) *Commercial fishing vehicles*. The Superintendent may authorize a commercial fishing permit holder when actively engaged in authorized commercial fishing to operate a vehicle on a beach:

(i) Not designated for ORV use, provided the beach is not subject to resource closures and is not lifeguarded.

(ii) Beginning at 5 a.m. on days when night driving restrictions are in effect, to set or tend haul seine or gill nets, if the permit holder is carrying and able to present a fish-house receipt from the previous 30 days.

(9) *ORV routes*. The following tables indicate designated ORV routes. The following ramps are designated as open to ORV use (subject to resource, safety, seasonal, or other closures) to provide access to ocean beaches: 2.5, 4, 23, 25.5, 27, 30, 32.5, 34, 38, 43, 44, 47.5, 49, 55, 59.5, 63, 67, 68, 70, 72. Soundside ORV access ramps are described in the table below. For a village beach to be open to ORV use during the winter season, it must be at least 20 meters (66 feet) wide from the toe of the dune seaward to mean high tide line. Maps depicting designated routes and ramps are available in the Office of the Superintendent and for review on the Seashore website.

**Comment [mbm3]:** CUAs are no longer mentioned in this section or anywhere else in the reg itself. Don't we need to say someplace that the CUA holder is not required to obtain an ORV permit?

<b>BODIE ISLAND - DESIGNATED ROUTES</b>	
<b>YEAR ROUND</b>	Ramp 2.5 (0.5 miles south of the southern boundary of Coquina Beach) to 0.2 miles south of ramp 4

<p><b>SEASONAL</b>  <b>September 15 to March 14</b></p>	<p>0.2 miles south of ramp 4 to the eastern confluence of the Atlantic Ocean and Oregon Inlet</p>
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<p><b>HATTERAS ISLAND - DESIGNATED ROUTES</b></p>	
<p><b>YEAR ROUND</b></p>	<p>1.5 miles south of ramp 23 to ramp 27</p> <p>Ramp 30 to ramp 32.5</p> <p>The following soundside ORV access routes from NC Highway 12 to Pamlico Sound between the villages of Salvo and Avon: soundside ramps 46, 48, 52, 53, 54 and the soundside ORV access at Little Kinnakeet</p> <p>Ramp 38 to 1.5 miles south of ramp 38</p> <p>The following soundside ORV access routes from NC Highway 12 to Pamlico Sound between the villages of Avon and Buxton: soundside ramps 57, 58, 59, and 60.</p> <p>0.4 miles north of ramp 43 to Cape Point to 0.3 miles west of “the hook”</p> <p>Interdunal route from intersection with Lighthouse Road (i.e., ramp 44) to ramp 49, with one spur route from the interdunal route to the ORV route below</p> <p>Ramp 47.5 to east Frisco boundary</p> <p>One soundside ORV access route from Museum Drive to Pamlico Sound near Coast Guard Station Hatteras Inlet</p> <p>Pole Road from Museum Drive to Spur Road, with two spur routes to Pamlico Sound (one at the terminus of Spur Road and one commonly known as Cable Crossing) and four spur routes to the ORV route below</p> <p>Ramp 55 southwest along the ocean beach for 1.6 miles, ending at the intersection with the route commonly known as Bone Road</p>



<p><b>SEASONAL</b> <b>November 1 to March 31</b></p>	<p>0.1 mile south of Rodanthe Pier to ramp 23 Ramp 34 to ramp 38 (Avon) East Frisco boundary to west Frisco boundary (Frisco village beach) East Hatteras boundary to ramp 55 (Hatteras village beach)</p>
<p><b>September 15 to March 14</b></p>	<p>Interdunal route south of the intersection of Pole Road and Spur Road stopping at least 100 meters from the ocean or inlet shoreline</p>

**Comment [mbm4]:** The line spacing in this section seems smaller than that in the rest of the tables, but I'll defer to the Regs Office to fix it or not.

<p><b>OCRACOKE ISLAND - DESIGNATED ROUTES</b></p>	
<p><b>YEAR ROUND</b></p>	<p>Ramp 59.5 to ramp 63  Three routes from NC Highway 12 to Pamlico Sound located north of the Pony Pens, commonly known as Prong Road, Barrow Pit Road, and Scrag Cedar Road.  1.0 mile northeast of ramp 67 to 0.5 mile northeast of ramp 68  One route from NC Highway 12 to Pamlico Sound located near Ocracoke Campground, commonly known as Dump Station Road.  0.4 miles northeast of ramp 70 to Ocracoke inlet  One route from ramp 72 to a pedestrian trail to Pamlico Sound, commonly known as Shirley's Lane</p>
<p><b>SEASONAL</b> <b>September 15 March 14</b></p>	<p>One seasonal route 0.6 mile south of ramp 72 from the beach route to a pedestrian trail to Pamlico Sound  One seasonal route at the north end of South Point spit from the beach route to Pamlico Sound</p>
<p><b>November 1 to March 31</b></p>	<p>0.5 mile northeast of ramp 68 to ramp 68 (Ocracoke Campground area)</p>

(10) *Superintendent's closures.* The Superintendent may temporarily limit, restrict, or terminate access to routes or areas designated for off-road use after taking into consideration

public health and safety, natural and cultural resource protection, carrying capacity and other management activities and objectives, such as those described in the plan/FEIS. The public will be notified of such closures through one or more methods listed in § 1.7(a) of this chapter.

Violation of any closure is prohibited.

(11) *Rules for Vehicle Operation.* (i) Notwithstanding the definition of “Public Vehicular Area” (PVA) in North Carolina law, the operator of any motor vehicle anywhere in the Seashore, whether in motion or parked, must at all times comply with all North Carolina traffic laws that would apply if operating on a North Carolina highway.

(ii) In addition to the requirements of Part 4 of this chapter, the following restrictions apply:

(A) A vehicle operator must yield to pedestrians on all designated ORV routes.

(B) When approaching or passing a pedestrian on the beach, a vehicle operator must move to the landward side to yield the wider portion of the ORV corridor to the pedestrian.

(C) A vehicle operator must slow to 5 mph when traveling within 30.5 meters (100 feet) or less of pedestrians at any location on the beach at any time of year.

(D) An operator is allowed to park on a designated ORV route, but no more than one vehicle deep, and only as long as the parked vehicle does not obstruct two-way traffic.

(E) When driving on a designated route, an operator must lower the tire pressure sufficiently to maintain adequate traction within the posted speed limit.

(F) The speed limit for off road driving is 15 mph, unless otherwise posted.

(12) *Night Driving Restrictions.*

(i) Hours of operation and night driving restrictions are listed in the following table:

<b>HOURS of OPERATION/NIGHT DRIVING RESTRICTIONS</b>	
November 16 – April 30	All designated ORV routes are open 24 hours a day.
May 1 – September 15	Designated ORV routes in sea turtle nesting habitat (ocean intertidal zone, ocean backshore, dunes) are closed from 9 p.m. to 7 a.m.
September 15 – November 15	Designated ORV routes in sea turtle nesting habitat (ocean intertidal zone, ocean backshore, dunes) are closed from 9 p.m. to 7 a.m., but the Superintendent may open designated ORV routes in sea turtle nesting habitat (if no turtle nests remain), 24 hours a day.

(ii) Maps available in the office of the Superintendent and on the Seashore's website will show routes closed due to night driving restrictions, and routes the Superintendent opens because there are no turtle nests remaining.

(13) *Vehicle carrying capacity.* The maximum number of vehicles allowed on any particular ORV route, at one time, is the linear distance of the route divided by 6 meters (20 feet).

(14) Violating any of the provisions of this paragraph, or the terms, conditions, or requirements of an ORV or other permit authorizing ORV use is prohibited. A violation may also result in the suspension or revocation of the applicable permit by the Superintendent.

(15) *Information Collection.* As required by 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. The Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements contained in this paragraph. The OMB approval number is 1024-0026. The NPS is collecting this information to provide the Superintendent data necessary to issue ORV special use permits. The information will be used to grant a benefit. The obligation to respond is required to order to obtain the benefit in the form of the ORV permit.

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Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks

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Date

